Grands Causses (F)

Release 20th of May

BG 794 „Adonis“  
right wing: 3-4/23-24  
tail right: 3-5

Born 16.02.2014 in Ostrava, sex male  
Rings: right silver with code 151, left pink

BG 795 „Jacinthe“  
left wing: 3-4/12-13

Born 19.02.2014 in RFZ, sex female  
Rings: right silver with code 161, left black

Hohe Tauern, Debanttal (A)

Release 23rd of May

BG 790 „Kilian“  
left wing: 2-4  
right wing: 22-24

Born: 11.02.2014 in Liberec, sex male  
Rings: right silver with code 171, left violet

BG 793 „Felix“  
right wing: 2-3  
left wing: 5-6/9-10

Born: 16.02.2014 in Vallcalet, sex male  
Rings: right silver with code 181, left silver

Calfeisen (CH)

Release 29th of May

BG 797 „Noel-Leya“  
right wing: 10-11/20-22

Born: 22.02.2014 in Goldau, sex male  
Rings: right silver with code 191, left gold

BG 802 „Schils“  
left wing: 4-5  
right wing: 2-3/20-21

Born: 23.02.2014 in La Garenne, sex male  
Rings: right silver with code 1A1, left green

Note: Individual BG studbook number only in the left ring. View is from below; primaries and secondaries are counted continuously from the wing tip towards the body. Tail feathers are counted from lateral.
Wild-born birds:

This year up to four wild-born birds will be ringed in the nest, one or two in the French Alps and one or two in Corsica. Although these individuals have not been marked by bleaching feathers, they use the same rings and coding system as the ones in the rest of the Central Alps, and therefore we decided to add them to this document. For wild-born birds, the coded ring goes on the left leg, opposite to released birds (right).

Corsica (France):

- Left: 000  Right: National ring (left ring is a slightly different product and its first code differs from the rest of the Alps)
- Left: 010  Right: National ring (left ring is a slightly different product and its first code differs from the rest of the Alps)

Haute-Savoie (France)

- Left: 100  Right: National ring
- Left: 110  Right: National ring
ATTENTION!

Checklist for Bearded Vulture Release Procedure

Before the birds are definitely released (brought to the release cave)

Please make sure to:

- Check the position of visible plumage marks (number of bleach feathers and right/left side)
- Leave the tips of bleached feathers black (unbleached) so as to distinguish between moulted and bleached feathers when seen in flight
- Take photos of both spread wings and tail from below and above
- Check ringing status:
  - Regional (colour) ring placed on the left leg
  - Identification rings on the right leg*
  - Take pictures of both legs ringed (in same picture if possible)

*Ringing information:

The identification rings should be read from the bottom-up, given the first numbers are the most important for demography studies (see picture below).

Please send data and pictures immediately to gyp-monitoring@aon.at

Your data will be put into the IBM data base in order to make sure birds can be re-identified many years later.

Note for bleaching: View is from below; primaries and secondaries are counted continuously from the wing tip towards the body. Tail feathers are counted from lateral.

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